

Problem 23.7

a.) The magnitude of the force between two protons:

$$\begin{aligned} F &= k \frac{q_p q_p}{r^2} \\ &= (8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2 / \text{C}^2) \frac{[(1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C/p}^+)]^2}{(3.80 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m})^2} \\ &= 1.59 \times 10^{-9} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

where the force is a repulsion.

b.) The magnitude of the gravitational force between the two protons:

$$\begin{aligned} |F_g| &= G \frac{m_p m_p}{r^2} \\ &= (6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2 / \text{kg}^2) \frac{[(1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg})]^2}{(3.80 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m})^2} \\ &= 1.29 \times 10^{-45} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

1.)

c.) If the forces are equal, the charge to mass ratio becomes:

$$\begin{aligned} k \frac{q_p q_p}{r^2} &= G \frac{m_p m_p}{r^2} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{q_p^2}{m_p^2} &= \frac{G}{k} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{q_p}{m_p} &= \left(\frac{G}{k} \right)^{1/2} \\ &= \left(\frac{6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2 / \text{kg}^2}{8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2 / \text{C}^2} \right)^{1/2} \\ &= 8.61 \times 10^{-11} \text{ C/kg} \end{aligned}$$

2.)